

Theorem 3

$$D \frac{\partial f}{\partial x'} = \frac{dF}{dX} D.$$

Proof

We rewrite the result of lemma 2 as

$$\frac{dF}{dX} D dx = D df = D \frac{\partial f}{\partial x'} dx.$$

Omitting the arbitrary dx we obtain the result of theorem 3. □

The basic result follows as a corollary, viz.

Corollary 4

$$\frac{dF}{dX} = D \frac{\partial f}{\partial x'} D^+.$$

Proof

Postmultiplication of the result of theorem 3 by D^+ yields, by virtue of lemma 1,

$$D \frac{\partial f}{\partial x'} D^+ = \frac{dF}{dX} D D^+ = \frac{1}{2} \frac{dF}{dX} (I + K) = \frac{dF}{dX}.$$

□

3. SOME ILLUSTRATIONS

(1) Kollo & von Rosen (2000) find

$$\frac{dF}{dX} = \frac{1}{2} \lambda (I + K), \quad \lambda \text{ a constant,}$$

for $F = \lambda X$. (Their result 2.9).

This can be derived succinctly in the following way. Differentiation of F yields $dF = \lambda dX$, which leads to $d \text{vec} F = \lambda d \text{vec} X$ and subsequently to $df = \lambda dx$.

Hence $\frac{\partial f}{\partial x'} = \lambda I$ and $\frac{dF}{dX} = \lambda D D^+ = \frac{1}{2} \lambda (I + K)$ by corollary 4.

$$(2) \quad \frac{dF}{dX} = -\frac{1}{2}(I+K)(X^{-1} \otimes X^{-1}) \text{ for } F = X^{-1}.$$

Proceeding as before we get

$$dF = -X^{-1}(dX)X^{-1},$$

$$d \operatorname{vec} F = -(X^{-1} \otimes X^{-1}) d \operatorname{vec} X,$$

$$df = -D^+(X^{-1} \otimes X^{-1}) D dx \quad \text{and}$$

$$\frac{\partial f}{\partial x'} = -D^+(X^{-1} \otimes X^{-1}) D.$$

Corollary 4 yields then

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{dF}{dX} &= -DD^+(X^{-1} \otimes X^{-1}) DD^+ = -\frac{1}{4}(I+K)(X^{-1} \otimes X^{-1})(I+K) = \\ &= -\frac{1}{4}(I+K)^2(X^{-1} \otimes X^{-1}) = -\frac{1}{2}(I+K)(X^{-1} \otimes X^{-1}). \end{aligned}$$

$$(3) \quad \frac{dF}{dX} = \frac{1}{2}(I+K)(I \otimes X + X \otimes I) \text{ for } F = X^2.$$

We get

$$dF = (dX)X + X dX,$$

$$d \operatorname{vec} F = (I \otimes X + X \otimes I) d \operatorname{vec} X,$$

$$df = D^+(I \otimes X + X \otimes I) D dx.$$

Hence

$$\frac{\partial f}{\partial x'} = D^+(I \otimes X + X \otimes I) D,$$

$$\frac{dF}{dX} = DD^+(I \otimes X + X \otimes I) DD^+ =$$

$$= \frac{1}{4}(I+K)(I \otimes X + X \otimes I)(I+K) = \frac{1}{4}(I+K)^2(I \otimes X + X \otimes I) =$$

$$= \frac{1}{2}(I+K)(I \otimes X + X \otimes I).$$